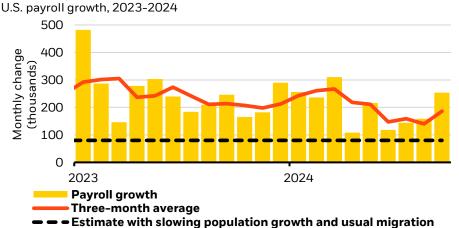
# Weekly commentary October 7, 2024

### **Our anchor in choppy markets**

- We stay risk-on heading into Q4 due to a favorable near-term macro backdrop. Recently choppy markets show why having an investment anchor is key.
- U.S. stocks were flat last week. Two- and 10-year U.S. Treasury yields surged as markets scaled back rate cut expectations that we thought were overdone.
- We monitor U.S. CPI out this week for signs inflation is still falling toward the Fed's target. We see supply constraints adding to long-term inflation pressures.

Market narratives have flipped this year: from buzz over artificial intelligence (AI) to concerns about big tech spending, and from recession fears to comfort in the U.S. economy's resilience. Our anchor in these choppy markets: viewing this as a world shaped by supply – not a typical business cycle. We stay risk-on as U.S. inflation cools, interest rates fall and growth eases slowly. We stay overweight U.S. stocks, go beyond tech within our AI theme and stay nimble in Japan's and China's stocks.

#### Not a cyclical story



Estimates are made with the benefit of hindsight and are only an approximation. Source: BlackRock Investment Institute, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, with data from Haver Analytics, October 2024. Notes: The chart shows monthly changes in U.S. payroll employment, the three-month average of payroll gains and our estimate of "steady state" employment growth, where the level of employment keeps up with population growth, allowing for an expected decline in growth due to population aging.

Markets have swung sharply this year. Al buzz gave way to doubts over Al spending. In August, a rising unemployment rate in the U.S. sparked recession fears, spurring markets to expect rate cuts as deep as in past recessions. We said recession fears and such rate cut pricing were overdone. This is not a typical business cycle - it's a world shaped by supply constraints. The recent rise in unemployment was not due to layoffs but rather elevated immigration expanding the labor supply. Employment growth is still robust, Friday's job data confirmed. See the chart. The unemployment rate has fallen again and markets have somewhat scaled back Federal Reserve rate cut expectations. Wage growth has cooled, bringing down inflation. Yet that might not last: Immigration will likely fall to its historical level - and no longer offset the decline in the workforce from population aging. That could push up inflation again.

Visit BlackRock Investment Institute for insights on the global economy, markets and geopolitics.

# **BlackRock** Investment Institute

**Jean Boivin** Head – BlackRock Investment Institute





Global Head of Portfolio Research – BlackRock Investment Institute



Natalie Gill Portfolio Strategist -BlackRock Investment Institute

**Global Chief Investment** Strategist – BlackRock

## Wei Li

Investment Institute

BlackRock.

Demographic divergence is one of five <u>mega forces</u>, or structural shifts, we see adding to inflation pressures and macro uncertainty in the long term. Yet the near-term macro picture presents reasons to keep leaning into risk. Cooling inflation has allowed the Fed to cut rates, and growth is not slowing sharply. We see this resilience reflected in corporate earnings strength expanding beyond the tech sector and stay overweight U.S. stocks on a six- to 12-month horizon. Analysts expect earnings to grow 20% for tech and around a solid 8% for the rest of the market over the next 12 months, LSEG Datastream data show. We think the AI theme has more room to run. But as investors question big capital spending on AI by top tech companies, we've <u>broadened</u> our AI overweight to other sectors supporting the AI buildout: energy, utilities, real estate and industrials.

We remain nimble as we eye the U.S. election, geopolitics and big policy shifts globally. We <u>went overweight</u> Chinese stocks after the policy signal from the September politburo meeting suggested major fiscal stimulus may be coming. That doesn't change the long-term structural challenges we are concerned about. We <u>trimmed</u> our Japanese equity overweight due to the drag on earnings from a stronger yen and mixed policy signals from the Bank of Japan. Iran's strike on Israel and Israel's promise of retaliation mark a major escalation in the Middle East. Its market impact has been limited but might grow if there's further escalation. We stay pro-risk for now. Such events underscore that <u>geopolitical risk</u> is structurally elevated.

Long-term bonds may not reliably buffer against risk asset volatility in a supply-driven regime as shocks that fuel inflation could also push up yields. We prefer quality and income in bonds. We find it in Europe: short-term credit on less tight spreads and government bonds as yields better reflect our policy rate expectations than in the U.S. We like medium-term bonds in the U.S. as markets price in deep Fed rate cuts. On a strategic horizon, we like <u>infrastructure equity</u> and <u>private credit</u> as they look set to benefit from mega forces. Private markets are complex, with high risk and volatility, and aren't suitable for all investors.

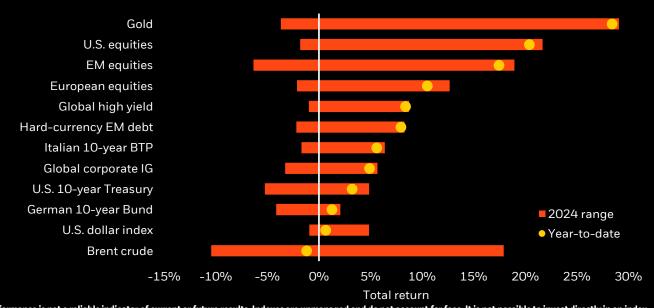
Bottom line: We use our investment framework as an anchor in volatile markets heading into Q4. A key part of that involves interpreting incoming economic data through the lens of a world shaped by supply constraints – not a typical business cycle.

#### Market backdrop

U.S. stocks were largely unchanged on the week, masking an uptick on Friday after a strong U.S. jobs report for September. Two- and 10-year Treasury yields surged to about 3.93% and 3.97%, respectively. Meanwhile, markets have somewhat reduced rate cut expectations that we thought were overdone. The U.S. economy added 254,000 jobs in September, well above consensus expectations. Strong job creation alongside easing wage pressures points to a still-expanding labor supply.

#### **Assets in review**

Selected asset performance, year-to-date return and range



Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current or future results. Indexes are unmanaged and do not account for fees. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. Sources: BlackRock Investment Institute, with data from LSEG Datastream as of Oct. 3, 2024. Notes: The two ends of the bars show the lowest and highest returns at any point year to date, and the dots represent current year-to-date returns. Emerging market (EM), high yield and global corporate investment grade (IG) returns are denominated in U.S. dollars, and the rest in local currencies. Indexes or prices used are: spot Brent crude, ICE U.S. Dollar Index (DXY), spot gold, MSCI Emerging Markets Index, MSCI Europe Index, LSEG Datastream 10-year benchmark government bond index (U.S., Germany and Italy), Bank of America Merrill Lynch Global High Yield Index, J.P. Morgan EMBI Index, Bank of America Merrill Lynch Global Broad Corporate Index and MSCI USA Index.

 <b>-</b> `	r-1	<b>'</b>	1.1	- 1	- 1	
	<b>-</b>			 	•	

Oct. 8	U.S. trade data	Oct. 13	China CPI and PPI
Oct. 10	U.S. CPI; Japan corporate goods prices	Oct. 10-17	China total social financing

This week we eye U.S. CPI to see whether inflation will keep falling toward the Fed's 2% policy target. Recent PCE data shows core inflation is moderating as consumer spending on goods and services and supply have normalized after the pandemic. Immigration is also boosting the labor supply, cooling wage growth. Yet in the long term, we see structural supply constraints like a shrinking workforce due to population aging making inflation pressures persist.

#### **Big calls**

Our highest conviction views on tactical (6-12 month) and strategic (long-term) horizons, October 2024

Tactical	Reasons			
AI and U.S. equities	<ul> <li>We see the AI buildout and adoption creating opportunities across sectors. We get selective, moving toward beneficiaries outside the tech sector. Broad-based earnings growth and a quality tilt make us overweight U.S. stocks overall.</li> </ul>			
Japanese equities	<ul> <li>A brighter outlook for Japan's economy and corporate reforms are driving improved earnings and shareholder returns. Yet the drag on earnings from a stronger yen and some mixed policy signals from the Bank of Japan are risks.</li> </ul>			
Income in fixed income	<ul> <li>The income cushion bonds provide has increased across the board in a higher rate environment. We like quality income in short-term credit. We're neutral long-term U.S. Treasuries.</li> </ul>			
Strategic	Reasons			
Private credit	<ul> <li>We think private credit is going to earn lending share as banks retreat – and at attractive returns relative to public credit risk.</li> </ul>			
Fixed income granularity	<ul> <li>We prefer intermediate credit, which offers similar yields with less interest rate risk than long-dated credit. We also like short-term government bonds, and UK long-term bonds.</li> </ul>			
Equity granularity	<ul> <li>We favor emerging over developed markets yet get selective in both. EMs at the cross current of mega forces – like India and Saudi Arabia – offer opportunities. In DM, we like Japan as the return of inflation and corporate reforms brighten our outlook.</li> </ul>			

Note: Views are from a U.S. dollar perspective, October 2024. This material represents an assessment of the market environment at a specific time and is not intended to be a forecast of future events or a guarantee of future results. This information should not be relied upon by the reader as research or investment advice regarding any particular funds, strategy or security.

### **Tracking five mega forces**

Mega forces are big, structural changes that affect investing now – and far in the future. As key drivers of the new regime of greater macroeconomic and market volatility, they change the long-term growth and inflation outlook and are poised to create big shifts in profitability across economies and sectors. This creates major opportunities – and risks – for investors. See our <u>web hub</u> for our research and related content on each mega force.

- 1. **Demographic divergence:** The world is split between aging advanced economies and younger emerging markets with different implications.
- 2. Digital disruption and artificial intelligence (AI): Technologies are transforming how we live and work.
- **3. Geopolitical fragmentation and economic competition:** Globalization is being rewired as the world splits into competing blocs.
- 4. Future of finance: A fast-evolving financial architecture is changing how households and companies use cash, borrow, transact and seek returns.
- Transition to a low-carbon economy: The transition is set to spur a massive capital reallocation as energy systems are rewired.

FOR PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION IN THE U.S., CANADA, LATIN AMERICA, HONG KONG, SINGAPORE AND AUSTRALIA. FOR INSTITUTIONAL, PROFESSIONAL, QUALIFIED INVESTORS AND QUALIFIED CLIENTS IN OTHER PERMITTED COUNTRIES.

#### **Granular views**

Six- to 12-month tactical views on selected assets vs. broad global asset classes by level of conviction, October 2024

Our approach is to first determine asset allocations based on our macro outlook – and what's in the price. **The table below reflects this** and, importantly, leaves aside the opportunity for alpha, or the potential to generate above-benchmark returns. The new regime is not conducive to static exposures to broad asset classes, in our view, but is creating more space for alpha.

Unde	erweight	Neutral	Overweight	Previous view
	Asset		View	Commentary
	Develop	ed markets		
	United	States	+1	We are overweight given our positive view on the AI theme. Valuations for AI beneficiaries are supported as tech companies keep beating high earnings expectations. We think upbeat sentiment can broaden out. Falling inflation is easing pressure on corporate profit margins.
	Europe	9	4	We are underweight relative to the U.S., Japan and the UK – our preferred markets. Valuations are fair. A growth pickup and European Central Bank rate cuts support a modest earnings recovery. Yet political uncertainty could keep investors cautious.
Equities	UK		+1	We are overweight. Political stability and a growth pickup could improve investor sentiment, lifting the UK's low valuation relative to other DM stock markets.
Ec	Japan		+1	We are overweight. A brighter outlook for Japan's economy and corporate reforms are driving improved earnings and shareholder returns. Yet the drag on earnings from a stronger yen and some mixed policy signals from the Bank of Japan are risks.
	Emergin	g markets	Neutral	We are neutral. The growth and earnings outlook is mixed. We see valuations for India and Taiwan looking high.
	China		+1	We are modestly overweight. Major fiscal stimulus may be coming and prompt investors to step in given Chinese stocks are at a deep discount to DM shares. Yet we stay ready to pivot. We are cautious long term given China's structural challenges.
	Short U.S. Treasuries		4	We are underweight. We don't think the Fed will cut rates as sharply as markets expect. An aging workforce, persistent budget deficits and the impact of structural shifts like geopolitical fragmentation should keep inflation and policy rates higher over the medium term.
	Long U.S	6. Treasuries	Neutral	We are neutral. Markets have priced back in sharp Fed rate cuts and term premium is close to zero. We think yields will keep swinging in both directions on new economic data.
	Global ir	Iflation-linked bc	nds Neutral	We are neutral. We see higher medium-term inflation, but cooling inflation and growth may matter more near term.
	Euro area govt bonds		Neutral	We are neutral. Market pricing reflects policy rates in line with our expectations and 10-year yields are off their highs. Political uncertainty remains a risk to fiscal sustainability.
	UK gilts		Neutral	We are neutral. Gilt yields have tightened to U.S. Treasuries and market pricing of future yields is in line with our view.
ne	Japanes	e govt bonds	-2	We are underweight. Stock returns look more attractive to us. We see some of the least attractive returns in JGBs.
lncome	China go	ovt bonds	Neutral	We are neutral. Bonds are supported by looser policy. Yet we find yields more attractive in short- term DM paper.
Fixed	U.S. agei	ncy MBS	Neutral	We are neutral. We see agency MBS as a high-quality exposure in a diversified bond allocation and prefer it to IG.
	Short-te	rm IG credit	+1	We are overweight. Short-term bonds better compensate for interest rate risk. We prefer Europe over the U.S.
	Long-ter	rm IG credit	-1	We are underweight. Spreads are tight, so we prefer taking risk in equities from a whole portfolio perspective. We prefer Europe over the U.S.
	Global h	igh yield	Neutral	We are neutral. Spreads are tight, but the total income makes it more attractive than IG. We prefer Europe.
	Asia creo	lit	Neutral	We are neutral. We don't find valuations compelling enough to turn more positive.
	Emergin	g hard currency	Neutral	We are neutral. The asset class has performed well due to its quality, attractive yields and EM central bank rate cuts. We think those rate cuts may soon be paused.
	Emergin	g local currency	Neutral	We are neutral. Yields have fallen closer to U.S. Treasury yields, and EM central banks look to be turning more cautious after cutting policy rates sharply.

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current or future results. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. Note: Views are from a U.S. dollar perspective. This material represents an assessment of the market environment at a specific time and is not intended to be a forecast or guarantee of future results. This information should not be relied upon as investment advice regarding any particular fund, strategy or security.

#### **BlackRock Investment Institute**

The <u>BlackRock Investment Institute</u> (BII) leverages the firm's expertise and generates proprietary research to provide insights on macroeconomics, sustainable investing, geopolitics and portfolio construction to help BlackRock's portfolio managers and clients navigate financial markets. BII offers strategic and tactical market views, publications and digital tools that are underpinned by proprietary research.

General disclosure: This material is intended for information purposes only, and does not constitute investment advice, a recommendation or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any securities to any person in any jurisdiction in which an offer, solicitation, purchase or sale would be unlawful under the securities laws of such jurisdiction. The opinions expressed are as of Oct. 7, 2024, and are subject to change without notice. Reliance upon information in this material is at the sole discretion of the reader. Investing involves risks. This information is not intended to be complete or exhaustive and no representations or warranties, either express or implied, are made regarding the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. This material may contain estimates and forward-looking statements, which may include forecasts and do not represent a guarantee of future performance.

In the U.S. and Canada, this material is intended for public distribution. In EMEA, in the UK and Non-European Economic Area (EEA) countries: this is Issued by BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited, authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. Registered office: 12 Throgmorton Avenue, London, EC2N 2DL. Tel: + 44 (0)207743 3000. Registered in England and Wales No. 02020394. For your protection telephone calls are usually recorded. Please refer to the Financial Conduct Authority website for a list of authorised activities conducted by BlackRock. In the European Economic Area (EEA): this is Issued by BlackRock (Netherlands) B.V. is authorised and regulated by the Netherlands Authority for the Financial Markets. Registered office Amstelplein 1, 1096 HA, Amsterdam, Tel: 020 – 549 5200, Tel: 31-20-549-5200. Trade Register No. 17068311 For your protection telephone calls are usually recorded. In Italy, for information on investor rights and how to raise complaints please go to https://www.blackrock.com/corporate/compliance/investor-right available in Italian. In Switzerland, for qualified investors in Switzerland: This document is marketing material. Until 31 December 2021, this document shall be exclusively made available to, and directed at, qualified investors as defined in the Swiss Collective Investment Schemes Act of 23 June 2006 ("CISA"), as amended. From 1 January 2022, this document shall be exclusively made available to, and directed at, qualified investors as defined in Article 10 (3) of the CISA of 23 June 2006, as amended, at the exclusion of qualified investors with an opting-out pursuant to Art. 5 (1) of the Swiss Federal Act on Financial Services ("FinSA"). For information on art. 8 / 9 Financial Services Act (FinSA) and on your client segmentation under art. 4 FinSA, please see the following website: www.blackrock.com/finsa. For investors in Israel: BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited is not licensed under Israel's Regulation of Investment Advice, Investment Marketing and Portfolio Management Law, 5755-1995 (the "Advice Law"), nor does it carry insurance thereunder. In South Africa, please be advised that BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited is an authorized financial services provider with the South African Financial Services Board, FSP No. 43288. In the DIFC this material can be distributed in and from the Dubai International Financial Centre (DIFC) by BlackRock Advisors (UK) Limited – Dubai Branch which is regulated by the Dubai Financial Services Authority (DFSA). This material is only directed at 'Professional Clients' and no other person should rely upon the information contained within it. Blackrock Advisors (UK) Limited - Dubai Branch is a DIFC Foreign Recognised Company registered with the DIFC Registrar of Companies (DIFC Registered Number 546), with its office at Unit 06/07, Level 1, AI Fattan Currency House, DIFC, PO Box 506661, Dubai, UAE, and is regulated by the DFSA to engage in the regulated activities of 'Advising on Financial Products' and 'Arranging Deals in Investments' in or from the DIFC, both of which are limited to units in a collective investment fund (DFSA Reference Number F000738). In the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, issued in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (KSA) by BlackRock Saudi Arabia (BSA), authorised and regulated by the Capital Market Authority (CMA), License No. 18-192-30. Registered under the laws of KSA. Registered office: 7976 Salim Ibn Abi Bakr Shaikan St, 2223 West Umm Al Hamam District Riyadh, 12329 Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Tel: +966 11 838 3600. CR No, 1010479419. The information contained within is intended strictly for Sophisticated Investors as defined in the CMA Implementing Regulations. Neither the CMA or any other authority or regulator located in KSA has approved this information. In the United Arab Emirates this material is only intended for -natural Qualified Investor as defined by the Securities and Commodities Authority (SCA) Chairman Decision No. 3/R.M. of 2017 concerning Promoting and Introducing Regulations. Neither the DFSA or any other authority or regulator located in the GCC or MENA region has approved this information. In the State of Kuwait, those who meet the description of a Professional Client as defined under the Kuwait Capital Markets Law and its Executive Bylaws. In the Sultanate of Oman, to sophisticated institutions who have experience in investing in local and international securities, are financially solvent and have knowledge of the risks associated with investing in securities. In Qatar, for distribution with pre-selected institutional investors or high net worth investors. In the Kingdom of Bahrain, to Central Bank of Bahrain (CBB) Category 1 or Category 2 licensed investment firms, CBB licensed banks or those who would meet the description of an Expert Investor or Accredited Investors as defined in the CBB Rulebook. The information contained in this document, does not constitute and should not be construed as an offer of, invitation, inducement or proposal to make an offer for, recommendation to apply for or an opinion or guidance on a financial product, service and/or strategy. In Singapore, this is issued by BlackRock (Singapore) Limited (Co. registration no. 200010143N). This advertisement or publication has not been reviewed by the Monetary Authority of Singapore. In Hong Kong, this material is issued by BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited and has not been reviewed by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong. In South Korea, this material is for distribution to the Qualified Professional Investors (as defined in the Financial Investment Services and Capital Market Act and its sub-regulations). In Taiwan, independently operated by BlackRock Investment Management (Taiwan) Limited. Address: 28F., No. 100, Songren Rd., Xinyi Dist., Taipei City 110, Taiwan. Tel: (02)23261600. In Japan, this is issued by BlackRock Japan. Co., Ltd. (Financial Instruments Business Operator: The Kanto Regional Financial Bureau. License No375, Association Memberships: Japan Investment Advisers Association, the Investment Trusts Association, Japan, Japan Securities Dealers Association, Type II Financial Instruments Firms Association.) For Professional Investors only (Professional Investor is defined in Financial Instruments and Exchange Act). In Australia, issued by BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited ABN 13 006 165 975 AFSL 230 523 (BIMAL). The material provides general information only and does not take into account your individual objectives, financial situation, needs or circumstances. In New Zealand, issued by BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited ABN 13 006 165 975, AFSL 230 523 (BIMAL) for the exclusive use of the recipient, who warrants by receipt of this material that they are a wholesale client as defined under the New Zealand Financial Advisers Act 2008. In China, this material may not be distributed to individuals resident in the People's Republic of China ("PRC", for such purposes, not applicable to Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan) or entities registered in the PRC unless such parties have received all the required PRC government approvals to participate in any investment or receive any investment advisory or investment management services. For Other APAC Countries, this material is issued for Institutional Investors only (or professional/sophisticated / qualified investors, as such term may apply in local jurisdictions). In Latin America, no securities regulator within Latin America has confirmed the accuracy of any information contained herein. The provision of investment management and investment advisory services is a regulated activity in Mexico thus is subject to strict rules. For more information on the Investment Advisory Services offered by BlackRock Mexico please refer to the Investment Services Guide available at www.blackrock.com/mx.

©2024 BlackRock, Inc. All Rights Reserved. BLACKROCK is a trademark of BlackRock, Inc., or its subsidiaries in the United States and elsewhere. All other trademarks are those of their respective owners.

BlackRock

Not FDIC Insured • May Lose Value • No Bank Guarantee