

Energy Efficient Home Improvement Credit

These expenses may qualify if they meet [requirements detailed on energy.gov](#):

- Exterior doors, windows, skylights and insulation materials
- Central air conditioners, water heaters, furnaces, boilers and heat pumps
- Biomass stoves and boilers
- Home energy audits

The amount of the credit you can take is a percentage of the total improvement expenses in the year of installation:

- 2022: 30%, up to a lifetime maximum of \$500
- 2023 through 2032: 30%, up to a maximum of \$1,200 (heat pumps, biomass stoves and boilers have a separate annual credit limit of \$2,000), no lifetime limit

Get details on the [Energy Efficient Home Improvement Credit](#).

Residential Clean Energy Credit

These expenses may qualify if they meet [requirements detailed on energy.gov](#):

- Solar, wind and geothermal power generation
- Solar water heaters
- Fuel cells
- Battery storage (beginning in 2023)

The amount of the credit you can take is a percentage of the total improvement expenses in the year of installation:

- 2022 to 2032: 30%, no annual maximum or lifetime limit
- 2033: 26%, no annual maximum or lifetime limit
- 2034: 22%, no annual maximum or lifetime limit

Get details on the [Residential Clean Energy Credit](#).

Clean vehicle tax credits

To qualify, you must:

- Buy it for your own use, not for resale
- Use it primarily in the U.S.

In addition, your modified adjusted gross income (AGI) may not exceed:

- \$300,000 for married couples filing jointly or a surviving spouse
- \$225,000 for heads of households
- \$150,000 for all other filers

