ONE-STOP'S PERMIT INFORMATION PACKAGE FOR RESIDENTIAL PROJECTS





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RESIDENTIAL ONE-STOP GUIDELINE

INTRODUCTION

The Residential One-Stop Guideline lists the various requirements for plan submittal and review of residential construction projects.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

ii projects	reviewed by this section shall have the following items prior to review:
	Application. A completed "Building Permit Application".
	Deed Restriction Unsworn Declaration. The declaration must be signed by the owner.
	Project Number. A project number assigned by the Permits Section.
	Plans. Two sets of plans shall be drawn to scale and clearly labeled with dimensions.

Important Notes:

- Properties located in the floodplain are required to obtain approval from the Flood Plain Section on all projects.
- It is imperative that you verify if there are any deed restrictions in your subdivision. Permits may be revoked for deed restriction violations.

- Plans shall indicate materials used.

Form No: **CE-**1050 rev 03/02/2015

SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS BY PROJECT TYPE								
	DITIONS y be reviewed at <i>One-Stop</i> , if review time ≤ 30 minutes	Other Reviews Required	:⊠ Planning □ Traffic	☑ Taps & Meters ☑ Storm				
	2009 Residential Energy Conservation Form (Form 1246) or ResCheck Software Compliance Report shall be submitted. Grading for Excavation and Fill Worksheet (Form 1094) - The worksheet will determine if a Residential Grading for Excavation and Fill Permit is required.							
	If required, the "Residential Grading Permits for Excavations and Calculation of Impervious Percentage (Form 1207) - For lots le more of impervious cover.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· ·					
	 Complete plans including the following items: Texas registered survey or complete site plan showing existing property lines, easements, building setback lines, and showing the existing building, proposed addition and any other structures located on the site. Foundation plans showing pad location, concrete strength, beam details with dimensions, and the steel bar layout with sizes noted. (Professional Engineer designed plans may be required for concrete slabs) 							
	 If block and base, indicate the size, spacing, grade, and species of floor joists. Floor plans that include the addition and footprint of the existing building showing in detail the adjacent areas of the existing building, with use of each room labeled, and the location of partitions, windows and doors identified. Door and window schedule or plan with all dimensions clearly indicated. 							
	 Roofing and Framing plans indicating size, spacing, grade, and species of ceiling joists and rafters, and if required, the location of purlins. (Professional Engineer designed plans may be required) Wall section details indicating size, spacing, grade, and species of studs to determine the method of bracing. Plans shall indicate materials used. Plans must include details showing how compliance with windstorm or strapping is achieved. (Reference Section 302 or Appendix L of the IRC) 							
	REMODELS May be reviewed at <i>One-Stop</i> , if review time ≤ 30 minutes Other Reviews Required: □ Planning □ Taps & Meters □ Traffic □ Storm							
0	 2009 Residential Energy Conservation Form (Form 1246) or R Complete plans including the following items: Provide floor plan of existing building and show in detail affected area. Wall section details to determine bearing and non-load bearing walls. 	Demolition of any load additional requirements joists, and the location can sheet for standard heade	bearing walls to determine of header and	will require direction of ceiling				

	W GARAGES/CARPORTS/STORAGES OVER 120 SQ. FT. y be reviewed at <i>One-Stop</i> , if review time $\leq 30 \text{ min}$	Other Reviews Required: ☑ Planning ☐ Taps & Meters ☐ Traffic ☑ Storm						
	2009 Residential Energy Conservation Form (Form 1246) or R	esCheck Software Compliance Report shall be submitted.						
	Grading for Excavation and Fill Worksheet (Form 1094) - The Excavation and Fill Permit is required.							
	If required, the "Residential Grading Permits for Excavations and I	Fill Application (Form 1084)" shall be submitted.						
	Calculation of Impervious Percentage (Form 1207) - For lots learning of impervious cover.	ss than 15,000 sq. ft. to determine whether lot has 75% or						
	Complete plans including the following items:							
	- Texas registered survey or complete site plan showing existing plocation of the residence and proposed garage/carport.	property lines, easements, building setback lines, and the						
	- Foundation plans if addition requires additional foundation, dimensions shall include beams and steel bars, and foundation conditions should be noted on plans. (Professional Engineer designed plans may be required for concrete slabs)							
	- If block and base, indicate the size, spacing, grade, and species of	of floor joists.						
	- Floor plan that includes the addition and footprint of the existing building, with use of each room labeled, and the location of part							
	- Door and window schedule or plan with all dimensions clearly i	ndicated.						
	- Roofing and Framing plans indicating size, spacing, grade, and slocation of purlins. (Professional Engineer designed plans may be							
	- Wall section details indicating size, spacing, grade, and species	of studs to determine the method of bracing.						
	- Plans shall indicate materials used.							
	RAGES CONVERSIONS	Other Reviews Required: ⊠ Planning ⊠ Taps & Meters						
	y be reviewed at <i>One-Stop</i> , if review time $\leq 30 \text{ min}$	☐ Traffic ☐ Storm						
	2009 Residential Energy Conservation Form (Form 1246) or Re	esCheck Software Compliance Report shall be submitted.						
	Complete plans including the following items:							
	 Texas registered survey or complete site plan showing existing p showing the existing building, and any other structures located or 	on the site to determine off-street parking. (Planning)						
	- Floor plan with use of each room labeled, and the location of pa							
	- Door and window schedule or plan with all dimensions clearly i							
	- Wall section details to determine bearing and non-load bearing v							
	 Demolition of any load bearing walls will require additional req location of header and beam. 	uirements to determine direction of ceiling joists, and the						
	NCES y be reviewed at <i>One-Stop</i> , if review time ≤ 30 min	Other Reviews Required: ⊠ Planning □ Taps & Meters □ Traffic □ Storm						
Fer	nces 8 feet or less, other than masonry or concrete, do not requir	e a building permit.						
	Complete plans including the following items:							
	 Texas Registered survey or complete site plan showing existing property lines, easements, building setback line and location of proposed fence layout to determine visibility. Structural section plan designed by a Professional Engineer design is required. 	 Plans shall indicate materials for fencing and columns. Show height elevation Show location of gate(s) and method of operation (e.g., remote control, manual, keypad) 						
Not	e: Drilled piers are not allowed on easements.							
	NOR REPAIRS (LIKE-FOR-LIKE CONST) y be reviewed at <i>One-Stop</i> , if review time ≤ 30 min	Other Reviews Required: ☐ Planning ☐ Taps & Meters ☐ Traffic ☐ Storm						
-	Residential Repair Spec List (Form 1059)							

DRIVEWAY/SIDEWALK	Other Reviews Required: ☐ Planning	☐ Taps & Meters				
May be reviewed at <i>One-Stop</i> , if review time ≤ 30 min	⊠ Traffic	□ Storm				
□ Sidewalk-Driveway Curb & Gutter-Culvert Parking Lot Permit Application (Form 1023).						
Texas Registered survey or complete site plan indicating existing property lines, easements, building setback line, and showing the proposed driveway, curbs and/or sidewalk location and layout.						
Notes:						
• Only a <u>bonded</u> contractor will be able to purchase this permit.						
■ The homeowner may purchase the permit when curb cut is not involved.						
CULVERTS	Other Reviews Required: Planning	☐ Taps & Meters				
May be reviewed at <i>One-Stop</i> , if review time ≤ 30 min	⊠ Traffic	□ Storm				
□ Sidewalk-Driveway Curb & Gutter-Culvert Parking Lot Permit	t Application (Form 1023)					
□ Site plan indicating location and width of driveway.						
Note:						
■ Must be a minimum of 24"diameter and not less than the nearest upstream culvert pipe.						
• Only the homeowner or a <u>bonded</u> contractor may purchase this permit	t.					

CONTACT INFORMATION

One-Stop Plan Review Section

8:00 am - 4:30 pm Hours:

(832) 394-8820 Phone Number:

1002 Washington Ave. 3rd Floor Houston, Texas 77002 Location:

Other Important Phone Numbers

Customer Assistance and Code Development Office	(832) 394-9494
Development Services (Planning)	(832) 394-8849
Flood Plain Section	(832) 394-8854
Traffic & Transportation	(832) 394-8851
Taps & Meters	(832) 394-8888
Storm Plan Review	(832) 394-8810
Structural Inspections.	(832) 394-8840
COH Deed Restrictions Hotline (Complaints)	(832) 393-6333
Harris County Clerk - Deed Restrictions	(713) 755-6405

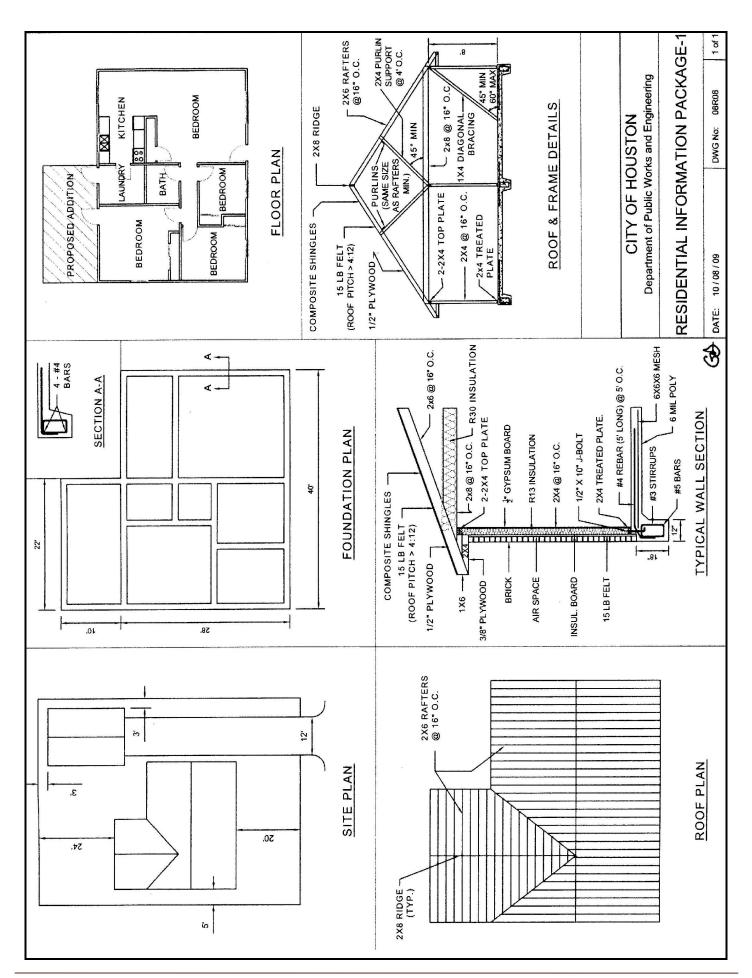




RESIDENTIAL ONE-STOP GUIDELINE

Follow the corresponding steps below to obtain a building permit for your specific residential project.

TYPE OF PROJECT	STEPS
Additions, New Garages, New Carports, Garage Conversions, Detached Storage Buildings (Over 120 sq. ft.)	 Complete the Building Permit Application and the appropriate Deed Restriction Unsworn Declaration. Obtain a project number and have the affidavit notarized by the <i>Permits Section</i>. Proceed to the <i>Development Services (Planning) Section</i> for their review. Proceed to the <i>Flood Management Office</i> if the property is located in the floodplain.
Note: Detached Storage buildings 120 sq. ft. or less do not require a building permit)	 5. Proceed to the <i>Taps & Meters Section</i> for their review (if plumbing work is involved). 6. Proceed to the <i>One-Stop Section</i> for plan review, if the project does not required detention, <u>OR</u> Submit the plans at the <i>Permits Section</i> for storm review, if the project requires detention.
Remodels	 Complete the Building Permit Application and the appropriate Deed Restriction Unsworn Declaration. Obtain a project number and have the affidavit notarized by the <i>Permits Section</i>. Proceed to the <i>Taps & Meters Section</i> for their review (if plumbing work is involved). Proceed to the <i>One-Stop Section</i> for plan review.
Repairs	 Complete the Building Permit Application and the Residential Repair Spec List (Form CE-1059) Obtain a project number from the <i>Permits Section</i>. Proceed to the <i>One-Stop Section</i> for review.
Fences OVER 8 FT. IN HEIGHT Wood, metal and fences with over two feet (24") high masonry, brick or concrete require an Engineer's design for 110mph wind speed 8 FT. OR LESS Other than masonry or concrete do not need a building permit	 Complete the Building Permit Application and the appropriate Deed Restriction Unsworn Declaration. Obtain a project number and have the affidavit notarized by the <i>Permits Section</i>. Proceed to the <i>Development Services (Planning)</i> for their review. (If the fence will be located in front of property). Proceed to the <i>One-Stop Section</i> for plan review.
Driveways/Sidewalks/Culverts	 Complete the Sidewalk-Driveway Curb & Gutter Culvert Parking Lot Permit Application (Form CE-1023) Obtain a project number from the Permits Section. Proceed to the Traffic & Transportation Section for review. Proceed to the One-Stop Section for plan review.





City of Houston Building Inspection CODE WORD 2006

INTERPRETATIONS AND APPLICATIONS OF THE HOUSTON ADOPTED CODES 2006 IBC, 2006 IRC, 2011 NEC, 2006 UMC, 2006 UPC, 2006 IECC, 2009 IECC and ASHRAE 90.1-2007

No:	2006-19A	Page:	1	of	1		
PUBLICATION:	Revision Decemb	er 10, 2013					
SUBJECT:	Policy- Block and Base Foundations						
CODE(S):	Building	escentrouse romanico con escentrouse de la mento.		****			
SECTION(S)	R403.1 & R403.2 (IRC) & 1805.4.3 (IBC)						

This policy is an acceptable alternate as per Section 104.11 of the Building Code for existing buildings when performing maintenance or repair of existing block and base foundations. This alternative shall apply to conventional light-frame construction designed with girders and supported on blocks and bases in such a manner that the building can be easily leveled any time after the full load has been applied. For repair of existing block and base foundations the following apply:

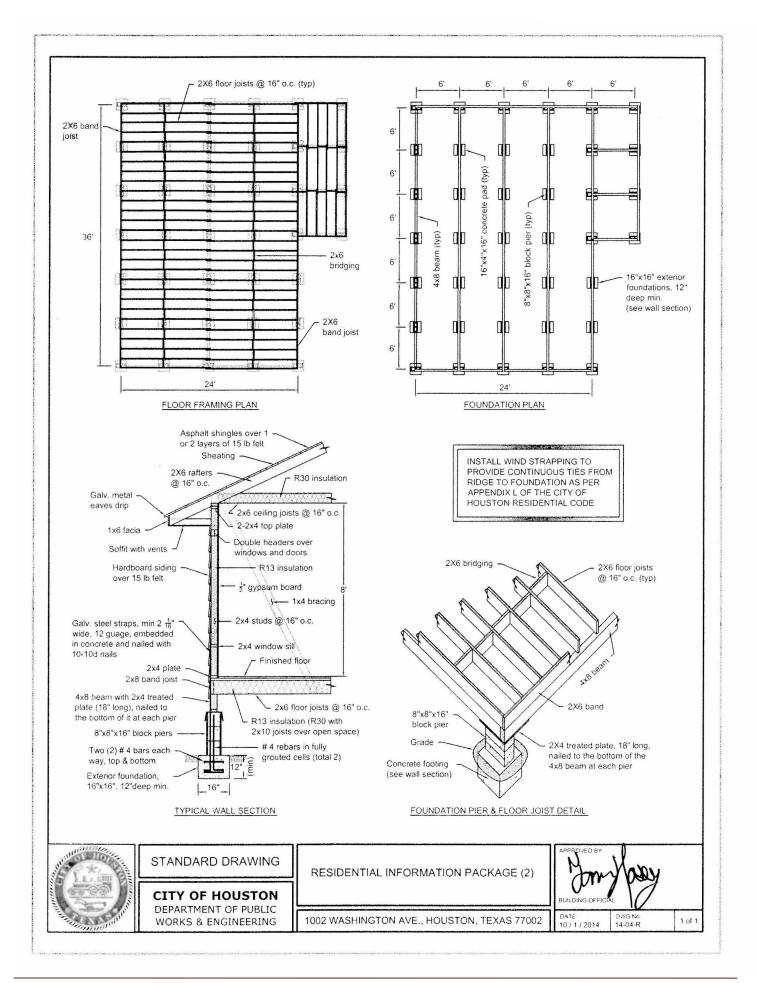
- All loose material and vegetation must be removed to ensure solid bearing beneath bases.
- 2. End joints of girders shall occur over supports.
- 3. Minimum thickness of concrete bases shall be 4 inches.
- 4. The minimum width of the structure shall not be less than the overall height.
- 5. Girders shall not be placed further than the depth of the joist from the exterior wall.

For new and relocated buildings, as well as additions, block and base foundations shall be designed by a Texas registered Professional Engineer to comply with the applicable code sections, or in accordance with Code Enforcement Drawing #13-05-R

This interpretation is applicable to all building plans submitted on or after March 1, 2014.

Approved:

Thomas Hosey, Building Offici







REQUIREMENTS FOR ENGINEER SEALS

The Texas Engineering Practice Act, Section 1001.402, states that a public official of this state, or of a political subdivision of this state, who is responsible for enforcing laws, ordinances, codes or regulations that affect the practice of engineering may accept plans, specifications and other related documents only if those plans, specifications and other related documents were prepared by registered professional engineers, as evidenced by the seal of the engineer.

Section 1001.056 exempts the following from the provisions of the Act:

- Any private dwelling, one story apartment buildings not exceeding eight units, two story apartment buildings not exceeding four units, garages or other structures pertinent to such buildings;
- 2. Private buildings used exclusively for farm, ranch or agricultural purposes, or used exclusively for storage of raw agricultural commodities; or
- 3. Other one story buildings, except public buildings, containing no clear span greater than 24 feet and having a floor area of 5000 square feet or less.

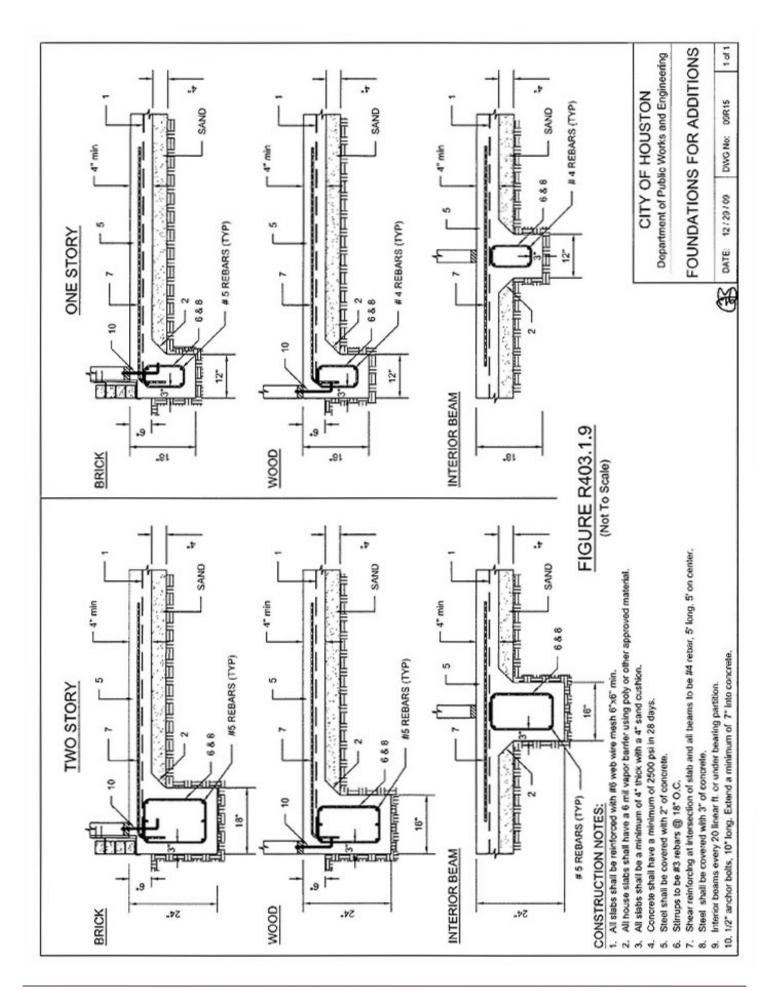
Section 1001.053 exempts the following public works from the provisions of the Act:

- 1. A public work that involves electrical or mechanical engineering, if the contemplated expense for the completed project is \$8000.00 or less.
- 2. A public work that does not involve electrical or mechanical engineering, if the contemplated expense for the completed project is \$20,000.00 or less.

Plans submitted for permits will require engineer seals in accordance with state law unless specifically exempt.

The Office of the Attorney General of the State of Texas has determined that the design of air conditioning systems that licensed air conditioning contractors are permitted to perform under the Air Conditioning Contractor License Law (Article 8861 of V.T.C.S), serves as an exception to the Engineering Practice Act (Article 3271a of V.T.C.S.).

Similarly, the design of electrical and plumbing systems that licensed electrical and plumbing contractors are permitted to perform serves as an exception to the Engineering Practice Act.



APPENDIX L

CONVENTIONAL LIGHT-FRAME WOOD CONSTRUCTION FOR HIGH-WIND AREAS

SECTION AL101 GENERAL

AL101.1 Scope. This chapter applies to regular-shaped buildings that are not more than three stories in height and are of conventional light-frame construction.

EXCEPTION: Detached carports and garages not exceeding 700 square feet (65 m²) and accessory to Group R, Division 3 Occupancies need only comply with the roof-member-to-wall-tie requirements of Section AL103.8.

SECTION AL102 DEFINITION

CORROSION RESISTANT or NONCORROSIVE is material having a corrosion resistance equal to or greater than a hot-dipped galvanized coating of 1.5 ounces of zinc per square foot of surface area. When an element is required to be corrosion resistant or noncorrosive, all of its parts, such as screws, nails, wire, dowels, bolts, nuts, washers, shims, anchors, ties and attachments, shall also be corrosion resistant or noncorrosive.

SECTION AL103 COMPLETE LOAD PATH AND UPLIFT TIES

AL103.1 General. Blocking, bridging, straps, approved framing anchors or mechanical fasteners shall be installed to provide continuous ties from the roof to the foundation system.

Tie straps shall be 1 1/8-inch (28.6 mm) by 0.036-inch (0.91 mm) (No. 20 gage) sheet steel and shall be corrosion resistant as herein specified. All metal connectors and fasteners used in exposed locations or in areas otherwise subject to corrosion shall be of corrosion-resistant or noncorrosive material.

The number of common nails specified is the total required and shall be equally divided on each side of the connection. Nails shall be spaced to avoid splitting of the wood.

EXCEPTION: Pre-manufactured connectors that provide equal or greater tie-down capacity may be used provided that they comply with all the manufacturer's specifications.

- **AL103.2 Wall-to-foundation tie.** Exterior walls shall be tied to a continuous foundation system or an elevated foundation system in accordance with Section AL105.
- **AL103.3 Sills and foundation tie.** Foundation plates resting on concrete or masonry foundations shall be bolted to the foundation with not less than 1/2-inch-diameter (13mm) anchor bolts with 7-inch-minimum (178 mm) embedment into the foundation and spaced not more than 6 feet (1829 mm) on center.
- **AL103.4 Floor-to-foundation tie.** The lowest-level exterior wall studs shall be connected to the foundation sill plate or an approved elevated foundation system with bent tie straps spaced not more than 48 inches (1219 mm) on center. Tie straps shall be nailed with a minimum of 4 ten penny nails.
- AL103.5 Wall framing details. The spacing of studs in exterior walls shall be in accordance with Chapter 6.

Mechanical fasteners complying with this chapter shall be installed at a maximum of 48 inches (1219 mm) on center as required to connect studs to the sole plates, foundation sill plate and top plates of the wall. The fasteners shall be nailed with a minimum of 8 eight penny nails.

Where openings exceed 4 feet (1219 mm) in width, the required tie straps shall be at each edge of the opening and connected to a doubled full-height wall stud. When openings exceed 12 feet (3658 mm) in width, two ties at each connection or a manufactured fastener designed to prevent uplift shall be provided.

- **AL103.6 Wall sheathing.** All exterior walls and required interior main cross-stud partitions shall be sheathed in accordance with Chapter 7.
- **AL103.7 Floor-to-floor tie.** Upper-level exterior wall studs shall be aligned and connected to the wall studs below with tie straps placed a minimum of 48 inches (1219) on center and connected with a minimum of 6 eight penny nails per strap.
- **AL103.8 Roof-members-to-wall tie.** Tie straps shall be provided from the side of the roof-framing member to the supporting members below the roof. Tie straps shall be placed no further apart than every other roof-framing member and connected with a minimum of 8 eight penny nails.
- **AL103.9 Ridge ties.** Opposing common rafters shall be aligned at the ridge and be connected at the rafters with tie straps spaced a maximum of 4 feet (1219 mm) on center and connected with 8 eight penny nails.
- **AL103.10 Gable-end walls.** Gable-end wall studs shall be continuous between points of lateral support which are perpendicular to the plane of the wall. Gable-end wall studs shall be attached with approved mechanical fasteners at the top and bottom. Eight 8 penny nails shall be required for each fastener. Fasteners shall be spaced a maximum of 48 inches (1219 mm) on center.

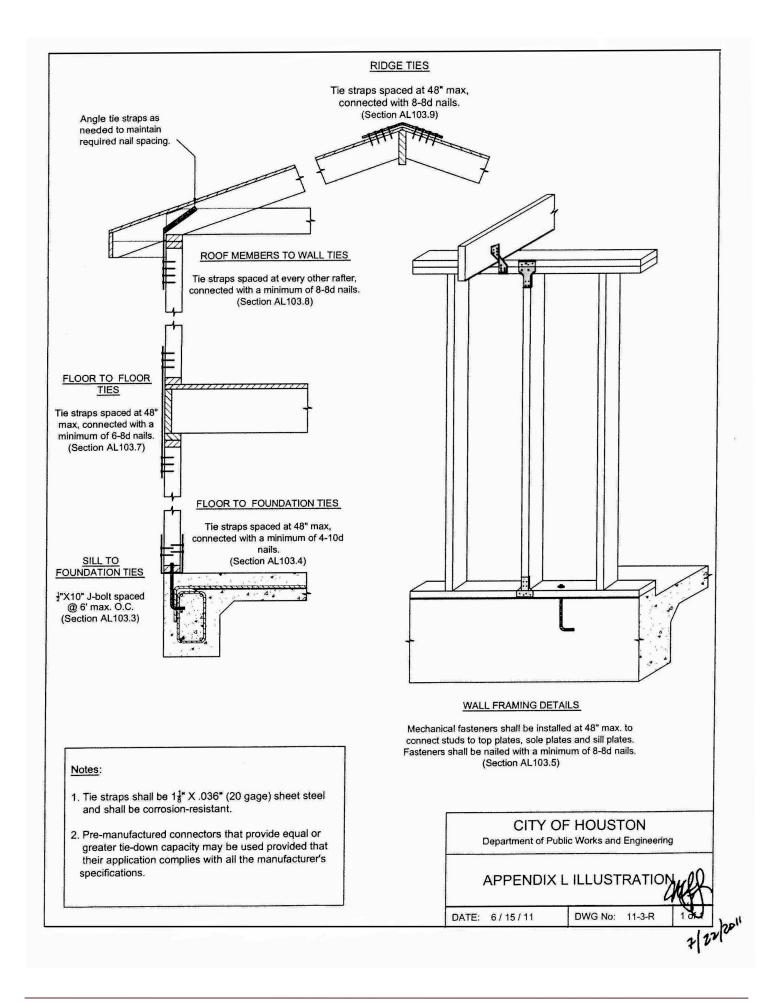
SECTION AL104 ROOFS

- **AL104.1 Roof sheathing.** Solid roof sheathing shall be applied and shall consist of a minimum 1-inch-thick (25.4 mm) nominal lumber applied diagonally or a minimum 15/32-inch-thick (11.9 mm) wood structural panel or particle board (OSB) or other approved sheathing applied with the long dimension perpendicular to supporting rafters. Sheathing shall be nailed to roof framing in an approved manner. The end joints of wood structural panels or particle board shall be staggered and shall occur over blocking, rafters or other supports.
- **AL104.2 Roof covering.** Roof coverings shall be approved and shall be installed and fastened in accordance with Chapter 9 and with the manufacturer's instructions.
- **AL104.3 Roof overhang.** The roof eave overhang shall not exceed 3 feet (914 mm) unless an analysis is provided showing that the required resistance is provided to prevent uplift.

The roof overhang at gabled ends shall not exceed 2 feet (610 mm) unless an analysis showing that the required resistance to prevent uplift is provided.

SECTION AL105 ELEVATED FOUNDATION

- **AL105.1 General.** When approved, elevated foundations supporting not more than one story and meeting the provisions of this section may be used. A foundation investigation may be required by the building official.
- **AL105.2 Material.** All exposed wood-framing members shall be treated wood. All metal connectors and fasteners used in exposed locations shall be corrosion-resistant or noncorrosive steel.
- **AL105.3 Wood piles.** The spacing of wood piles shall not exceed 8 feet (2438 mm) on center. Square piles shall not be less than 10 inches (254 mm) and tapered piles shall have a tip of not less than 8 inches (203 mm). Eight-inch-square (51613 mm²) piles shall have a minimum embedment length of 5 feet (1524 mm) and shall project not more than 8 feet (2438 mm) above undisturbed ground surface. Eight-inch (203 mm) taper piles shall have a minimum embedment length of 6 feet (1828 mm) and shall project not more than 7 feet (2134 mm) above undisturbed ground surface.
- **AL105.4 Girders.** Floor girders shall be solid sawn timber, built- up 2-inch-thick (51 mm) lumber or trusses. Splices shall occur over wood piles. The floor girders shall span in the direction parallel to the potential floodwater and wave action.
- **AL105.5 Connections.** Wood piles may be notched to provide a shelf for supporting the floor girders. The total notching shall not exceed 50 percent of the pile cross section. Approved bolted connections with 1/4-inch (6.4 mm) corrosion-resistant or noncorrosive steel plates and 3/4-inch-diameter (19 mm) bolts shall be provided. Each end of the girder shall be connected to the piles using a minimum of two 3/4-inch-diameter (19 mm) bolts.









GRADING PERMITS FOR EXCAVATION AND FILL WORKSHEET

Appendix E of the Houston Adopted 2006 International Building Code as Amended specifies permit requirements for grading a lot of any size on private property. Section 1 - Identifies when a separate "Grading Permit" is required. Section 2 - Identifies the type of grading permit required, "Engineered Grading or Regular Grading", when a "Geotechnical Report" is required in the plans, and when a "Storm Availability Letter" is required to be attached to the submittal documents.

Grading Permits are required for any excavations or fill, or combination thereof, and includes:

- Excavation Permits Including work proposing the mechanical removal of earth material.
- Fill Permits Including a deposit and/or relocation of earth material placed by artificial means.

IMPORTANT NOTE: THERE SHALL BE NO FILL WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY

SECTION 1: Are	Permits And Plans Required?
	ion permit & plans are required if "Yes" is answered to any question 1 through 4.
(1)	Does the excavation work affect the lateral support or increase the stresses in, or pressure upon any adjacent or contiguous property?
(2)	When excavating below finish grade for basements and footings of a building, retaining wall or other structures authorized by a valid building permit, will there be an unsupported excavation height greater than 5 feet after completion of such structure?
(3)	Will there be any excavation greater than 5 feet in depth?
(4)	Will the excavation create a cut slope 2 feet or more in height but less than 5 feet, with a slope steeper than 1 unit vertical in 1.5 units horizontal? (66.7% slope)
	nit and plans are required if "Yes" is answered to any question 5 through 10. 350 sq. ft. @ 1 ft depth)
(5)	Does the fill work affect the lateral support or increase the stresses in, or pressure upon any adjacent, or contiguous property?
(6)	Does the scope of work include fill that is 3 feet or more in depth?
(7)	Does the scope of work include fill greater than 1 foot but less than 3 feet, with a slope that is equal to or greater than 1 unit vertical in 5 units horizontal? (20% slope)
(8)	Does the scope of work include fill that is greater than 50 cubic yards on any one lot?
(9)	Does the proposed fill obstruct any natural and/or previously constructed drainage course?
(10)	Is proposed fill greater than 1 ft in depth and intended to support a structure, "now or in the future"?
recommended grading Engineered grading by a professional e	building official has cause to believe that geologic factors may be involved, grading will be required to conform to ng, inspection, and testing by a <i>Professional Engineer</i> . If plans are required if "Yes" is answered to question 11. Plans shall be designed, sealed, signed, and dated ingineer. These grading permits shall be designated as "Engineered Grading". If the latest to believe that geologic factors may be involved, grading will be required to conform to not provide the required to not provide the
(11)	Does the grading project exceed 5000 cubic yards?
	I be designated "Regular Grading" if "Yes" is answered on question 12: (no engineer req.) Does the grading involve less than 5000 cubic yards?
	port is required if "Yes" is answered to any one of questions 13, 14 or 15: Will there be any cut slopes steeper than 1 unit vertical in 2 units horizontal (50% slopes)?
(14)	Is there any grading that requires an engineered design? (Reference item 11 above.)
(15)	Does the site include any special geological features and/or considerations for any grading?
16 or 17:	ty Letter is required to be included with the submitted documents if "Yes" is answered to questions
	Does the scope of work to lots exceeding 15,000 sq. ft., include any new impervious cover?
(17)	Does the project include connection to the city's public storm sewer system?
ADDRESS	PROJECT # DATE
PRINT NAME OF APPLICAN	TSIGNATURE





2009 RESIDENTIAL ENERGY CONSERVATION FORM

PROJECT INFORMATION										
Address:	Project Number: (CITY OF HOUSTON ASSIGNED)									
Building Type:	☐ Single Family ☐ Multi-family (3 stories or less) ☐ Townhouse ☐ Oth						Other:			
Scope of Work:	: New Construction Addition of square feet Remodel									
Project affects: (Check all that apply)	and unc	 ☐ Walls/Ceilings/Floors that separate conditioned and unconditioned space ☐ Weilings/Floors that separate conditioned and unconditioned space ☐ Window/doors that separate conditioned and unconditioned space ☐ Service Water Heating Eqpt. ☐ Heating or Air Cond. Eqpt./Ducts ☐ None of the items listed STOP. 					d. Eqpt./Ducts			
The building is exempt due to: (Check all that apply)	code pro	☐ Historical (Attach certificate) – Must comply with code provisions unless the provision will invalidate the historical designation. ☐ Non-conditioned ☐ Low Energy (less than 1wt/sq.ft) ☐ Other:								
				NVELOPE						
A Window to wall m	nethod T			more calc					zina	
(A1) Calculate. % glazing of wall area.) ÷						
(A2) Fenestration. Using the table, check the applicable box to indicate how glazing meets code criteria.	REFERENCE TABLE	Window to Wall % 15 20 25 30	Max. U-factor .65 .55 .51	Max. SHGC .40 .40 .35 .35		 ☐ All glazing meets values in table. OR ☐ Glazing is averaged with some glazing not meeting the criteria. (Attach calculations) 				
(A3) Insulation. Using the table, indicate what R-values and type of insulation will be used.	REFERENCE TABLE	Window to Wall Area 15 20 25 30	Ceiling R-Value 30 30 30 30	Wood Fram Wall R-Value 13 13 13	Floor Valu 15 15 19	e S	Crawl Space Wall R-Value 6 10	Ke Wall Value R Ceiling 6 R Floor 10 R Crawlspace		dominant R-Value) ng lspace
B Conditioned Floo	r Area Me	ethod. Th	is method	d is an easi	ier metho	d, thar	the abov	e but i	s limited to	o 18% glazing.
(B1) Calculate. % glazing of conditioned floor area.										
(B2) Insulation and Fenestration.	Max Max. Ceiling U-factor SHGC R-Value		Wall Floor R- Value R-value		with this method.			e when sho		
		GE	NERAL	PRESCRIP	TIVE RE		ate insula	auon 1	.ype:	
Radiant Barrier	☐ No │	Yes - C	eiling ins		y be redu	ced to	R-19 from	n R-30	when usir	ng an approved
HVAC	Equipment Type: SEER: SEER: **Duct insulation shall be R-8 in attics and R-6 otherwise . Excpt: Ducts located inside conditioned space .**							ts loca	ted inside c	onditioned space .**



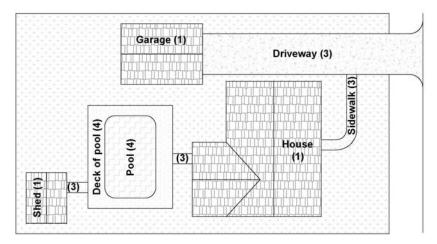


CALCULATION OF IMPERVIOUS PERCENTAGE

PROJECT INFORMATION	
Project Number:	Date:
Address:	
Applicant's Printed Name:	Applicant's Signature:

CALCULATION OF IMPERVIOUS AREA PERCENTAGE

A. Total area of impervious cover



This diagram is to assist in identifying the various items considered impervious. Approved permeable pavers or permeable concrete may not be considered as impervious.

	Existing Sq. Ft.		Addition Sq. Ft.		Final Sq. Ft.
1. Building(s) (e.g., house, garage, storage)	+	+	₽	=	Û+
2. Parking Lot	+	+	⇒	=	⊕+
3. Driveway/Sidewalk/Patios/Carports	+	+	⇒	=	<u>↑</u> +
4. Swimming Pool/Detention Ponds	+	+	\Rightarrow	=	Φ+
5. Others	+	+	₽	=	Û+
Totals	+	+		=	sq. ft. (A)

- B. Total Area of Lot: _____ sq. ft.
- C. Percentage Impervious area Calculation

NOTE: If > 65%, refer the Infrastructure Design Manual, Chapter 9, Section H for additional provisions.